

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

OMB APPROVAL

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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT rocessing **FORM X-17A-5 PART III**

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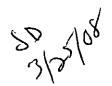
FACING PAGE Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING		AND ENDING	12/31/07	
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY	
A. REGIS	TRANT IDENTIFICA	TION		
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: COMPASS	PROFESSIONAL SERVIC	ES, LLC	OFFICIAL USE ONLY	
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)		No.)	FIRM I.D. NO.	
111 WEST JACKSON BOULEVARD, 20TH		** ** **		
	(No. and Street)			
CHICAGO	IL		_60604	
(City)	(State)	(2	Zip Code)	
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSCHRIS PERZ	ON TO CONTACT IN RE		PORT	
	<u>. </u>		(Area Code - Telephone Number)	
B. ACCOU	JNTANT IDENTIFICA	ATION		
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT who RAVID & BERNSTEIN LLP(Na	se opinion is contained in the second	•		
230 WEST MONROE STREET, SUITE 330	CHICAGO	IL_	60606	
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)	
CHECK ONE:				
X Certified Public Accountant			Libourna.	
☐ Public Accountant				
☐ Accountant not resident in United	States or any of its possess	ions.	MAR 2 7 MMR	
FC	R OFFICIAL USE ON	LY	FINANCIAL	

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

> Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

SEC 1410 (06-02)



OATH OR AFFIRMATION

1,	FRED GOLDMAN		, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my k			nd supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
	COMPASS PROFESSIONAL SERVICES, LLC_		, as
of	DECEMBER 31	, 20_07	, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
neith	er the company nor any partner, proprietor, pr	incipal officer	or director has any proprietary interest in any account
class	sified solely as that of a customer, except as foll	lows:	
			- M 0 m
•	^^^		
{	OFFICIAL SEAL	-	Signature
- {	THERESA VICKERS		Signature
	OTARY PUBLIC, STATE OF ILLINOIS COMMISSION EXPIRES 10-14-2008		CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER
\$ LW.	DOMINISSION EXPINES 10-14-2008	_	Title
_	11		THE
7	Mirera Victors		
	Notary Public		
	•		
	report ** contains (check all applicable boxes)):	
	(a) Facing Page.		
	(b) Statement of Financial Condition.		
	(c) Statement of Income (Loss).		
	(d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition		
	(e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equ		
	(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordi	inated to Clair	ns of Creditors.
	(g) Computation of Net Capital.		
	(h) Computation for Determination of Reserve		
	(i) Information Relating to the Possession or C		
⊔ (Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the
_	Computation for Determination of the Rese		
L) (• •	inaudited State	ements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
	consolidation.		
'	(l) An Oath or Affirmation.		
	(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.		
X (n) A report describing any material inadequacie	es found to exis	it or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

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RAVID & BERNSTEIN LLP

Certified Public Accountants

- ◆ John V. Basso, CPA
- William H. Brock, CPA
- ◆ Mark T. Jason, CPA
- ◆ Phillip C. Ravid, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Members Compass Professional Services, LLC Chicago, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Compass Professional Services, LLC (the Company) as of December 31, 2007, and the related statements of operations and changes in members' capital, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2007, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedule I is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Ravid & Bernstein LLP

February 27, 2008

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

DECEMBER 31, 2007

ASSETS

Cash	\$	92,578
Due from clearing organization		334,337
Accounts receivable		1,200,293
Marketable securities		2,370,016
	\$_	3,997,224
LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' CAPITAL		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	230,755
Accrued expenses		71,792
		302,547
Members' Capital		3,694,677
	\$	3,997,224

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND CHANGES IN MEMBERS' CAPITAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

REVENUES:		
Commission income	\$ 3,439,944	
Rebates and fees, net	2,617,759	
Interest income	187,624	
		\$ 6,245,327
EXPENSES:		
Payroll	1,847,146	
Exchange and floor costs	318,030	
Interest expense	276,799	
Office expense	439,396	
Administrative expense	163,182	
Professional fees	11,370	
		3,055,923
NET INCOME		3,189,404
MEMBERS' CAPITAL, BEGINNING OF YEAR		4,905,273
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS		-
CAPITAL WITHDRAWALS		(4,400,000)
MEMBERS' CAPITAL, END OF YEAR		\$ 3,694,677

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

OPERATIONS: Net income Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operations:	\$ 3,189,404	
Increase in balance due from clearing company	(310,479)	
Decrease in accounts receivable	1,420,299	
Decrease in marketable securities	916,453	
Decrease in accounts payable	(445,718)	
Decrease in accrued expenses	(82,979)	
Net cash provided by operations		\$ 4,686,980
FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Decrease in notes payable	(400,000)	
Capital withdrawals	(4,400,000)	
Net cash used in financing activities		(4,800,000)
NET DECREASE IN CASH		(113,020)
CASH, BEGINNING OF YEAR		205,598
CASH, END OF YEAR		\$ 92,578
SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW DISCLOSURE:		
Cash paid during the year for interest		\$ 276,799

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Organization:

Compass Professional Services, LLC ("Company") is a wholly owned subsidiary of Equitec Group, LLC ("Parent"). The Company was organized under the Illinois Limited Liability Company Act under its original name, Equitec Compass, LLC, on December 3, 2004. It changed its name to Compass Professional Services, LLC, on May 18, 2005, and began operations in July 2005. Prior to July 2005, Equitec Proprietary Markets, LLC, an affiliated company, owned this operation. The Company is in the business of executing option transactions on the below-listed exchanges.

The Company is a member of the following option exchanges: Boston Options Exchange (BOX), the International Securities Exchange (ISE), the NYSE Arca, Inc., the Philadelphia Stock Exchange (PHLX), the CBOE Stock Exchange (CBSX), the Chicago Board Options Exchange (CBOE) and the American Stock Exchange (AMEX), as well as a member of the Options Clearing Corp (OCC). The Company is registered as a broker/dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC).

2. Significant Accounting Policies:

The Company maintains its cash in accounts at banks and other financial institutions which may be insured by government agencies up to specified limits. The accounts, at times, exceeded insured limits, but the Company has not experienced any losses on such accounts.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers all highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Amounts receivable and payable for securities transactions that have not reached their contractual settlement date are recorded net on the statement of financial condition.

Marketable securities comprise U.S. Treasury bills pledged to the Company's clearing organization, valued at cost plus accrued interest, which approximates market value.

A Limited Liability Company ("LLC") does not pay federal income taxes. Each member is responsible for reporting income (loss) based upon his or her share of the income (loss) of the Company. The Company is subject to Illinois Replacement tax.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. Related Party Transactions:

The Company had the following transactions with its Parent company, Equitec Group, LLC:

a) Note Payable:

The note is payable on demand, with interest at the published prime rate ("prime") minus 0.5%. The note was repaid in full during 2007.

b) Interest on Capital:

Interest expense includes a total of \$262,575 paid during 2007 on capital accounts, determined by applying an interest rate of prime minus 1.5% to initial capital contributions of \$2,500,000.

c) Payroll:

The Company's payroll function is handled exclusively by its Parent. Reimbursement payments are made to the Parent based on the Company's share of payroll-related expenses.

The Company had the following transactions with its affiliated companies, Equitec Proprietary Markets, LLC and Compass Professional Services East, LLC:

a) Office Rent:

The Company paid \$38,790 in rent to Equitec Proprietary Markets, LLC in 2007.

b) Cash Transfers:

The Company often collects money and/or makes payments on behalf of Compass Professional Services East, LLC. Cash is subsequently transferred between the two companies to satisfy amounts owed or due.

4. Net Capital Requirements:

The Company is subject to the SEC Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1) which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. (The rule of the applicable exchange also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash distributions paid if the resulting ratio would exceed 10 to 1). Under this rule, the Company is required to maintain "minimum net capital" equivalent to \$100,000 or 6 2/3% of "aggregate indebtedness," whichever is greater, as these terms are defined. At December 31, 2007 the Company had net capital of \$2,601,258, which is \$2,501,258 in excess of its required capital.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5. Principal Transaction Revenues:

During 2007, the Company's principal transaction revenues consisted substantially of commission income totaling \$3,439,944.

SCHEDULE I

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15C 3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

DECEMBER 31, 2007

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL

Total members' capital, end of year	\$ 3,694,677
Less: Non-allowable assets	(1,005,419)
Other deductions and/or charges	(88,000)
Haircuts on securities	 -
NET CAPITAL	2,601,258
Minimum capital requirement	 100,000
EXCESS NET CAPITAL	 2,501,258
EXCESS NET CAPITAL AT 1000%	 2,592,505
COMPUTATION OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS	
Aggregate indebtedness	 87,535
Ratio: Aggregate indebtedness to Net Capital	3.37% to 1

Note:

The above information on this schedule is in agreement with the unaudited FOCUS

report, Part II, filed by the Company as of December 31, 2007.



Certified Public Accountants

- John V. Basso, CPA
- · William H. Brock, CPA
- ◆ Mark T. Jason, CPA
- ◆ Phillip C. Ravid, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL STRUCTURE REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17A-5

The Members
Compass Professional Services, LLC

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of Compass Professional Services, LLC (the Company), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting, including control activities for safeguarding securities, as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons;
- Recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13;
- Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8
 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve
 System;
- 4. Obtaining and maintaining physical possession or control of all fully paid and excess margin securities of customers as required by rule 15c3-3.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial

statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or a combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or a combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2007, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the CBOE, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Ravid & Bernstein LLP

February 27, 2008

